

# Supplier Climate Action Playbook

Procurement ESG  
2024



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01

# Introduction

# About Kenvue's Supplier Climate Action Playbook



## WHY this Playbook?

This Supplier Climate Action Playbook builds on Kenvue's Healthy Lives Mission which strives to advance the well-being of both people and our planet. Our goal is to empower our suppliers to support and help us achieve our defined climate commitments, and it aims to provide essential principles to activate climate action.

The goal is to offer guidance that helps suppliers initiate, enhance, or refine their strategies and action plans to reduce their environmental footprint.



## WHAT is this Playbook about?

Kenvue's Supplier Climate Action Playbook supports our partners in advancing their sustainability efforts.

The Playbook provides an overview of Kenvue's Healthy Lives Mission, its ESG strategy; and defines a framework for Supplier Climate Action, following four phases:

1. Collect and report data
2. Set targets
3. Mobilize plans
4. Track progress

It also covers Kenvue's supplier recognition framework, tools and available resources to support our partners in driving climate action.



## WHO is this Playbook for?

This Playbook is designed for all Kenvue suppliers, recognizing their diverse stages in environmental sustainability. It provides key principles for consideration, regardless of their sustainability maturity, business size, industry, or location.

The Playbook shares essential sustainability principles across a four-phase framework. It guides suppliers to start, improve, or advance their strategies to reduce their climate impact.



## HOW to use this Playbook?

This Playbook is not a technical guide or a substitute for recognized Environmental Sustainability Standards or professional advice. Instead, it provides insights and lessons to help our partners implement concrete sustainability actions.

It guides companies in mapping their carbon footprint, developing sustainability strategies, and creating action plans to reduce Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions.

The Playbook aids partners in making meaningful environmental changes. It is especially helpful for those starting their sustainability journey and serves as a benchmarking tool for more advanced companies to enhance their sustainable practices and raise their ambitions.

02

# Healthy Lives

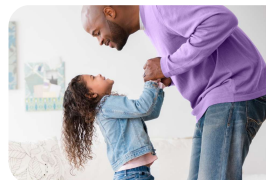
## Mission: Kenvue ESG

### Strategy

## Healthy Lives Mission: Everyday Care in Action

**At Kenvue, our Healthy Lives Mission strives to help advance the well-being of both people and our planet.**

Everyday care in action.



**Nurture Healthy People**



**Enrich a Healthy Planet**



**Maintain Healthy Practice**

# Kenvue Healthy Lives Mission Goals + Commitments

Through everyday care in action, we aim to build lasting positive change for people, communities, and the planet we call home. Our Healthy Lives Mission goals and commitments hold us accountable for demonstrating progress.



## Healthy People

### Diversity, equity & inclusion

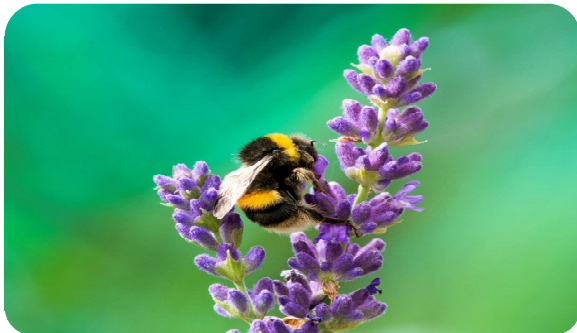
- Strengthen the representation of women at all management levels<sup>1</sup> to reflect the markets in which we operate
- Strengthen ethnic representation<sup>2</sup> within our U.S. workforce at all management levels<sup>1</sup> to reflect the markets in which we operate
- Pay all Kenvuers<sup>3</sup> equitably based on role, experience, market competitiveness and performance
- Achieve a company-wide Inclusion Index Score<sup>4</sup> in the top quartile

### Public health

- Advance community health and well-being through a culture of caring and encouraging employee volunteer service
- Help restore the dignity of everyday care for vulnerable and displaced people around the world
- Create positive environmental and social impacts through brand purpose programs led by our top brands

# Kenvue Healthy Lives Mission Goals + Commitments

Through everyday care in action, we aim to build lasting positive change for people, communities, and the planet we call home. Our Healthy Lives Mission goals and commitments hold us accountable for demonstrating progress.



## Healthy Planet

### Climate change

- Kenvue commits to reduce absolute Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions<sup>1,2,3</sup> 42% by 2030<sup>4</sup> from a 2020 base year
- Kenvue commits that 75% of its suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution, will have science-based targets by 2028<sup>4</sup>
- Set long-term net zero emission targets, informed by the SBTi Net Zero Standard<sup>5</sup>
- Use 100% renewable electricity<sup>6</sup> for our operations<sup>1</sup> by 2030<sup>4,7</sup>

### Plastics

- 100% recyclable<sup>8</sup> or refillable<sup>9</sup> packaging<sup>10</sup> by 2025<sup>4</sup>
- 25% reduction of virgin plastic<sup>11</sup> in packaging<sup>10</sup> by 2025<sup>4</sup> from a 2020 base year
- 50% reduction of virgin plastic<sup>11</sup> in packaging<sup>10</sup> by 2030<sup>4</sup> from a 2020 base year

### Biodiversity, land & forests

- Kenvue is committed to zero deforestation and to ensuring the paper-based packaging we purchase directly originates from low-risk sources.<sup>16</sup> Specifically, we aim to achieve 100% certified<sup>17</sup> or verified recycled<sup>18</sup> paper and wood fiber packaging<sup>19</sup> by 2025<sup>4</sup>
- Maintain 100% Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) certification for the palm-based ingredients we purchase<sup>20</sup> through a combination of RSPO certified physical supply chains and RSPO Book & Claim credits<sup>21</sup>
- Purchase<sup>20</sup> at least 75% of our volumes from RSPO physical supply chains<sup>21</sup> by 2025<sup>4</sup> and 100% by 2030<sup>4</sup>



# Kenvue Healthy Lives Mission Goals + Commitments

Through everyday care in action, we aim to build lasting positive change for people, communities, and the planet we call home. Our Healthy Lives Mission goals and commitments hold us accountable for demonstrating progress.

## Healthy Practice

### Sustainable product innovation

- 75% of new product development<sup>1</sup> using scientific principles<sup>2</sup> will have an improved environmental performance<sup>3</sup> by 2030<sup>4</sup>

### Product transparency

- Provide greater product transparency, beginning with our ingredients



**Kenvue has launched its Supplier Climate Action program to enable top suppliers, by emissions to set their own science-based climate targets**

## Healthy Planet

We're committed to:

- ➔ Kenvue commits to reduce absolute Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions<sup>1,2,3</sup> 42% by 2030<sup>4</sup> from a 2020 base year

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- ➔ Kenvue commits that 75% of its suppliers, by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution, will have science-based targets by 2028<sup>4</sup>

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- ➔ Set long-term net zero emission targets, informed by the SBTi Net Zero Standard<sup>5</sup>

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- ➔ Use 100% renewable electricity<sup>6</sup> for our operations<sup>1</sup> by 2030<sup>4,7</sup>

# Partnering in climate action to support our suppliers in their journey

## Where are you in the climate journey?

If you have already started your climate journey and are progressing on it, you can skip the next section on [Climate Action Fundamentals](#) and go straight to the [Climate Action Framework](#).



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# Climate Action Fundamentals

# Key concepts that will help you understand more about climate action

## Climate Action Fundamentals

01

### Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

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A main gas that causes climate change. It's naturally made when animals breathe and plants take it in. Human actions, like burning coal, oil, and gas, and cutting down forests, are messing up the natural balance of CO<sub>2</sub> in the air.

02

### Greenhouse Gases (GHGs)

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Gases like carbon dioxide and methane that let sunlight warm the Earth's surface. They also trap some of the heat that tries to leave the Earth, keeping it in the atmosphere. More greenhouse gases mean more trapped heat and a warmer planet.

03

### Emissions

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In the climate change context, emissions refer to greenhouse gases released into the air from activities like burning fossil fuels, industrial agriculture, and melting permafrost. These gases trap heat in the atmosphere, gradually raising Earth's temperature

# Key concepts that will help you understand more about climate action

## Climate Action Fundamentals

04

### Carbon Footprint

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The total amount of GHG released by a person, group, event, or product. It's usually measured in CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (CO<sub>2</sub>e) to easily compare the warming effects of different gases by converting them into the amount of that would have the same impact CO<sub>2</sub> on climate change.

05

### Global Warming vs Climate Change

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**Global Warming:** The rise in Earth's average surface temperature because of Humans' greenhouse gases **Climate Change:** Long-term changes in the Earth's climate, such as shifts in temperature, changes in snow and ice, and sea level changes.

06

### Carbon Neutrality vs Net Zero

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**Carbon Neutrality** refers to balancing carbon emissions with equivalent carbon removal or offsets. **Net Zero** is reducing GHG emissions to as close to zero as possible and balancing any remaining emissions with equivalent removals from the atmosphere

# Key concepts that will help you understand more about climate action

## Climate Action Fundamentals

07

### Renewable Energy

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Energy that comes from sources that can naturally refill themselves, like sunlight, wind, and water power. It's crucial for cutting down carbon emissions and helping us reach our sustainability goals.

08

### Science Based Targets

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GHG reduction targets aligned with the latest climate science to limit global warming to below 2°C above pre-industrial levels, and ideally to 1.5°C. Targets are often validated by organizations like the [Science Based Targets initiative \(SBTi\)](#)

09

### Mitigation vs. Adaptation

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**Mitigation** include efforts to reduce or prevent the emission of GHGs, such as using renewable energy or improving energy efficiency. **Adaptation** means adjusting practices, processes, and structures to minimize harm caused by climate change impacts

04

# Climate Action Framework



# A four-phase approach to support you, our partner, in your climate action journey

## 1 Report Data

- Are you familiar with Greenhouse gases (GHG) **emissions accounting**?
- Do you know how to **calculate** your organization's **emissions**?
- Do you know in which ways you could **publicly report your environmental data**?

## 2 Set Targets

- Do you know what are **science-based targets**?
- What is the **methodology** to set science-based targets?
- How to **set achievable** climate **targets**?

## 3 Mobilize Plans

- Are you aware of what the elements are of a comprehensive **climate action plan**?
- Have you defined **key actions and initiatives** to achieve targets?

## 4 Track Progress

- Do you know how to **track progress** against defined climate targets?
- Have you **defined performance metrics**?
- Do you know how to **communicate climate action progress** to key stakeholders?

# Getting familiarized with GHG emissions accounting (1 / 2)

## Collect & report data

### Context

#### Importance of calculation GHG emissions

Accurate emissions data help pinpoint key areas for improvement, set realistic targets, and demonstrate a commitment to sustainability. It also boosts transparency and accountability.

#### Greenhouse gases and their impact

Greenhouse gases (GHGs) drive global warming and climate change. Understanding their sources and effects is vital for creating effective reduction strategies.

Calculating GHG emissions involves:

- **Scope 1:** direct emissions from owned or controlled sources
- **Scope 2:** indirect emissions from purchased energy
- **Scope 3:** other indirect emissions in the value chain

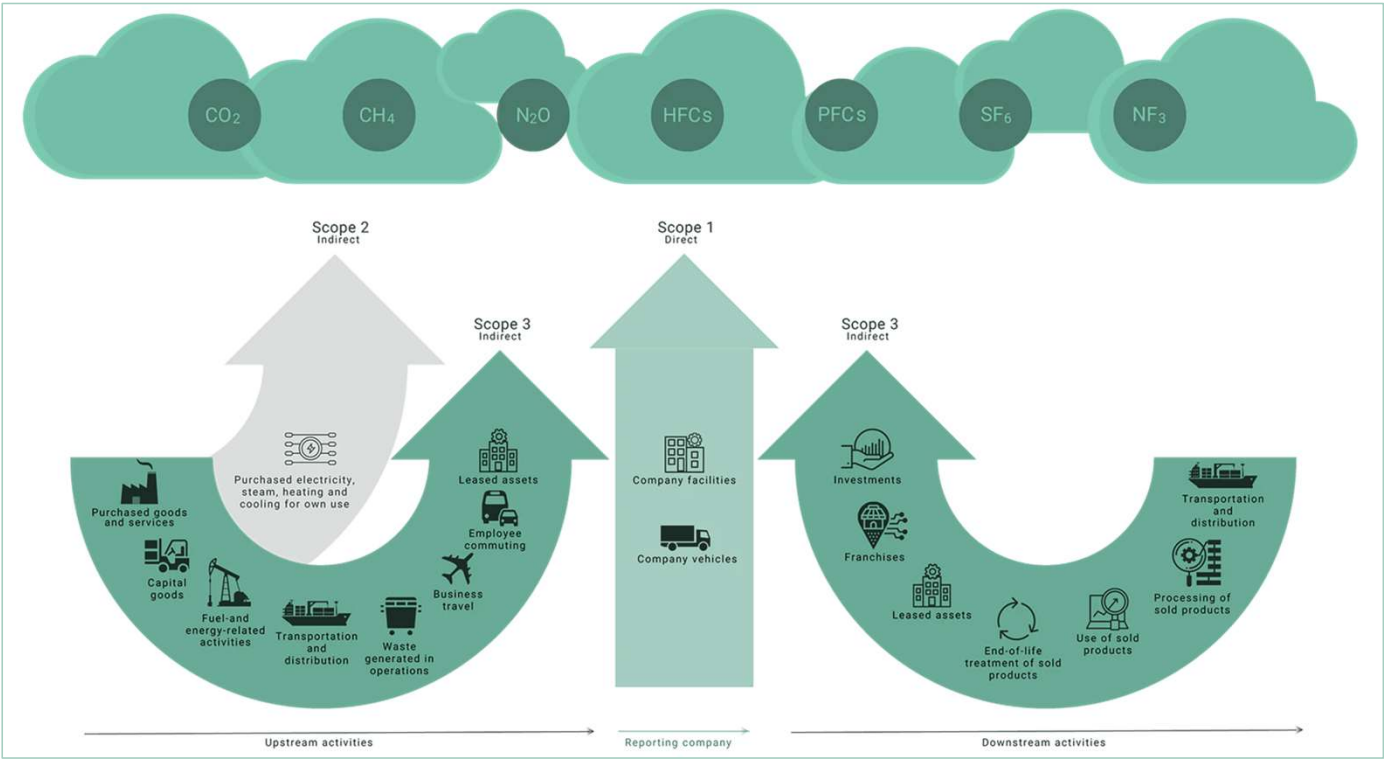
This comprehensive approach helps companies address their total environmental impact

# Getting familiarized with GHG emissions accounting (1 / 2)

- 1 Report Data
- 2 Set Targets
- 3 Mobilize Plan
- 4 Track Progress

## Collect & report data

### Overview of GHG Protocol scopes and emissions across the value chain



# Getting familiarized with GHG emissions accounting (2 / 2)

## Collect & report data

### Scope 1



### Scope 2



### Scope 3

**Scope 1** includes direct GHG emissions from on-site activities and company fleets that are owned or controlled by the company, serving as a fundamental aspect of carbon accounting.

**Examples:**

- **Stationary combustion** (e.g. burning fuels in facilities)
- **Mobile combustion** (e.g. vehicles, mobile machinery owned or controlled by the organization)
- **Process emissions** (e.g. industrial processes, such as cement production or chemical manufacturing)
- **Fugitive emissions** (e.g. unintentional releases of gases from equipment, like methane leaks from pipelines or refrigerant leaks from air conditioning units)

**Scope 2** includes indirect emissions from the generation of purchased electricity, steam, heating, and cooling consumed by the company.

**Examples:**

- **Electricity** purchased to power office buildings or manufacturing sites
- **Steam or hot water** purchased for heating or process use
- **Cooling energy** purchased for air conditioning systems

**Scope 3** emissions are all other indirect GHG emissions from a company's value chain, both upstream and downstream, that are not covered in Scope 1 or 2. There are 15 categories of Scope 3 emissions

**Examples:**

**Upstream**

- Emissions from the **production of purchased goods and services**
- **Transportation and distribution** of purchased goods
- **Waste generated** from operations

**Downstream:**

- **Use of sold products and services**
- **End-of-life treatment of sold products**
- **Investments**

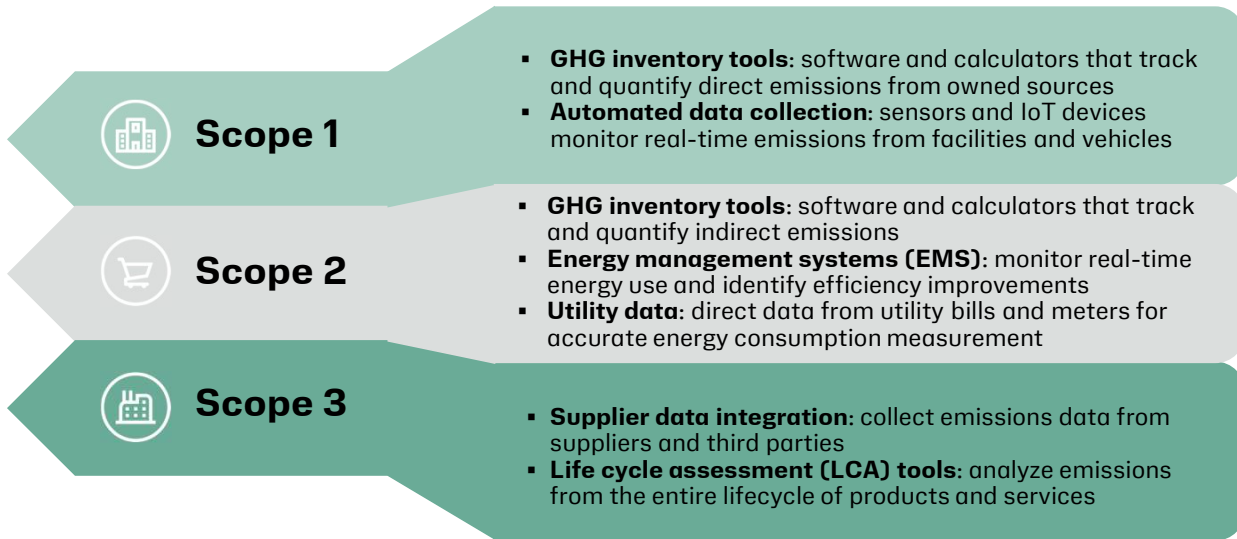
To calculate GHG emissions we recommend following the [GHG Protocol](#), which provides widely adopted guidelines and standards for companies to measure and report GHG emissions

# Collecting and managing data to calculate emissions

## Collect & report data

### Tools and methodologies for data collection

Reliable data collection is essential for robust emissions reporting. Companies utilize various tools and methodologies. See an example below classified by emissions scopes:



### Ensuring accuracy and reliability of data

Maintaining accuracy in emissions data requires rigorous processes and adherence to best practices:

- ➔ **Standardized procedures:**  
Clear protocols for consistent and comparable data collection

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- ➔ **Training and education:**  
Training on data methods and accuracy importance

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- ➔ **Third-party verification:**  
External auditors to verify data and enhance credibility

These practices improve emissions reporting, identify reduction opportunities, and show commitment to environmental sustainability.

# Publicly reporting your environmental data

## Collect & report data

**Reporting standards** such as the [Global Reporting Initiative \(GRI\)](#) and guidelines like the [GHG Protocol](#) standardize reporting approach and ensure comparability.

In this Playbook, we focus on **data exchange and disclosure platforms** such as [CDP \(Carbon Disclosure Project\)](#) and [EcoVadis](#).

These platforms enhance transparency and enable benchmarking among peers through their ratings. We also expect our partners to use these platforms to report their environmental data.

## Comparison of recognized public disclosure platforms: CDP & EcoVadis

### CDP - Carbon Disclosure Project



- Specializes in climate change, water security, and deforestation
- Uses standardized questionnaires specific to climate change, water, and forests; emphasizing quantitative data, such as emissions and resource use
- Provides detailed scoring based on disclosure, awareness, management and leadership; from D- to A
- Used by investors, policymakers, and companies focusing on environmental risks and opportunities
- Promotes high levels of transparency and disclosures are often publicly available

### Ecovadis



- Focuses on broader sustainability, including environmental, social, and governance (ESG) criteria
- Uses assessment covering 21 sustainability criteria across: Environment, Labor & Human Rights, Ethics and Sustainable Procurement
- Provides a company scorecard with an overall score from 0 to 100 with strengths and improvement areas
- Used by procurement and supply chain professionals to assess supplier sustainability maturity
- Scores are typically shared with selected business partners, prioritizing confidentiality and secure data sharing

Companies might choose CDP for specialized, in-depth reporting on environmental impacts, particularly climate-related data, to appeal to investors. In contrast, EcoVadis offers a comprehensive assessment across various sustainability dimensions, valuable for overall corporate social responsibility and supply chain management

# Understanding what are science-based targets

## Set Targets

### Introduction to science-based targets

Science-based targets (SBTs) align corporate climate action with the latest climate science to meet the goals of the Paris Agreement, limiting global warming to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to limit warming to 1.5°C.

The [Science-Based Targets initiative \(SBTi\)](#), a collaboration between [CDP](#), [UNGC](#), [WRI](#), and [WWF](#), provides companies with a structured approach to reduce GHG emissions according to scientifically validated methodologies.

Kenvue has set science-based targets validated by SBTi for its Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions:

- **Scope 1 and Scope 2:** reduce absolute Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions 42% by 2030 from a 2020 base year
- **Scope 3:** 75% of its suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution will have science-based targets by 2028

### Overview of different types of targets

Target type	Description	Example
<b>Absolute targets</b>	Reduction in total emissions over a specified period	A logistics company commits to reducing its total GHG emissions by 50% by 2030 from a 2018 baseline
<b>Intensity targets</b>	Reduction in emissions relative to a specific metric	A manufacturing firm targets a 40% reduction in emissions per unit of product produced by 2025
<b>Short-term targets</b>	Goals set to be achieved within 1-5 years	A retailer aims to reduce energy consumption by 20% within the next three years
<b>Long-term targets</b>	Goals set for 10-30 years into the future	An energy company pledges to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050

### Criteria for setting SBTs

#### ➔ Scope of coverage

- Targets must cover 95-100% of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions
- For Scope 3, cover at least 67% if they represent more than 40% of total emissions

#### ➔ Ambition level

- Align with the Paris Agreement to limit warming to well below 2°C, aiming for 1.5°C. Short-term targets (5-10 years) should support long-term goals

#### ➔ Regular updates

- Review and update targets at least every 5 years to reflect the latest climate science and company growth

# Understanding what are science-based targets

## Set Targets

### Methodology for setting science-based targets

1

#### Assess baseline emissions

- Conduct a GHG emissions inventory to establish a baseline, for all emissions scopes
- Use the GHG Protocol to ensure accuracy and consistency

2

#### Select an SBT approach<sup>1</sup>

- **SDA:** allocates the global carbon budget to sectors for sector-specific targets
- **ACA:** reduces absolute emissions in line with the global carbon budget
- **EIC:** sets targets based on emissions intensity per unit of economic output

3

#### Engage stakeholders

- **Internal:** involve leadership, sustainability and operations teams for alignment
- **External:** engage suppliers, customers, investors, and community groups for input and support

4

#### Validate targets

- Use external consultants to review feasibility
- Compare targets with industry standards & peers
- Test with small-scale pilots prior to implementation

5

#### Submit targets for validation

- Submit targets to SBTi for validation to ensure alignment with climate science
- SBTi reviews and recognizes approved targets

6

#### Implementation and monitoring

- Include timelines, resources, and responsibilities
- Use KPIs and report transparently
- Adjust strategies based on performance data and new insights



# Understanding what are science-based targets

## Set Targets

### How to set achievable climate targets?



#### 1. Assess baseline emissions

- **Conduct a comprehensive emissions inventory:** collect data on Scope 1, Scope 2, and significant Scope 3 emissions using the [GHG Protocol](#)
- **Identify key emissions sources:** determine the most significant contributors to overall emissions

#### 2. Define scope and boundaries

- **Determine the scope:** define which parts of the business and value chain will be included, such as direct operations, suppliers, and customers
- **Set boundaries:** decide whether to include global operations, specific regions, or certain business units

#### 3. Set SMART targets

- **Specific:** define targets clearly
- **Measurable:** ensure targets can be quantified
- **Achievable:** set realistic targets
- **Relevant:** align targets with strategic goals and sustainability objectives
- **Time-bound:** set a clear deadline for achieving targets

# Understanding what are science-based targets

## Set Targets

### How to set achievable climate targets?

Tools and resources for setting targets



#### Guidance Documents

- SBTi: use resources for targets aligned with climate science
- GHG Protocol: follow for standardized emissions accounting and reporting



#### Software Tools

- Emissions management software: model scenarios, track data, and monitor progress



#### Consultancy Services

- Sustainability consultants: get advice, robust target development, and credible reporting

# Developing comprehensive climate action plans

## Mobilize Plans

### Elements of a comprehensive climate action plan

#### Vision and objectives

- **Articulate a clear vision:** define the long-term sustainability goals aligned with the company's mission and values
- **Set specific objectives:** establish clear, measurable goals that support the vision & guide the action plan

#### Baseline assessment

- **Conduct inventory:** assess current emissions for Scope 1, Scope 2, and significant Scope 3
- **Analyze data:** identify key emission sources and improvement areas

#### Strategic priorities

- **Identify high-impact areas:** focus on where the company can achieve the most significant emission reductions
- **Set priorities:** rank initiatives by impact, feasibility, and alignment with business strategy



#### Actionable initiatives

- **Develop specific initiatives:** outline concrete actions to achieve climate targets, considering mitigation and adaptation strategies
- **Include timelines:** set clear, realistic deadlines for each initiative

#### Monitoring and reporting

- **Establish KPIs:** develop indicators to track progress towards targets
- **Regular reporting:** implement a system for ongoing reporting and review to ensure transparency

# Identifying key actions and initiatives to achieve climate targets

## Mobilize Plans

### Examples of actions and initiatives

## Scope 1

### Energy Efficiency

- Replace inefficient equipment with energy-efficient alternatives
- Use technology to manage energy usage more effectively

### Renewable Energy

- Switch machinery input from coal or oil to natural gas or biofuels
- Phase-out conventional vehicles to replace with electric or hybrid alternative

### Process Optimization

- Enhance production processes to reduce energy use and waste
- Implement waste heat recovery systems
- Install carbon capture and storage technologies

# Identifying key actions and initiatives to achieve climate targets

## Mobilize Plans

### Examples of actions and initiatives

## Scope 2

### Energy Efficiency

- Enhance operational efficiency and building design to reduce electricity consumption
- Eliminate unnecessary use of electricity (e.g. extreme heating or use of lights on holidays)

### Renewable Energy

- Transition to renewable electricity sources, such as solar, wind, or hydroelectric power through power purchase agreements (PPAs) or renewable energy certificates (RECs)
- Install on-site solar panels

### Energy Management

- Implement energy management software to monitor and optimize energy use
- Conduct energy audits to identify saving opportunities

# Identifying key actions and initiatives to achieve climate targets

## Mobilize Plans

### Examples of actions and initiatives

### Scope 3

#### Collaboration with value chain

- Collaborate with key suppliers and customers to identify emissions reduction opportunities
- Source materials with lower carbon impact, optimize transportation & logistics and source locally

#### Product lifecycle

- Minimize waste in production processes and increase use of by-products
- Propose products with energy-efficient designs, sustainable packaging, longer life, recyclability and reusability

#### Behavior change and stakeholder engagement

- Reduce business travel and encourage sustainable transportation options
- Provide information on how to use products in a way that reduces carbon footprint

# Defining a monitoring approach to track climate action progress

## Track progress

### Tracking progress against targets

A credible environmental strategy needs consistent action and proof of progress.

This involves:

Setting up robust monitoring approach for accurate and consistent data collection

Defining clear metrics and KPIs aligned with sustainability goals

Maintain transparency with stakeholders through recognized public reporting platforms

### Defining performance metrics

Key external stakeholders, such as investors and insurers, demand accurate information on environmental progress. To address this and close the say-do gap, it's essential to track and measure progress effectively.

#### Effective metrics should be:

- ➔ **Relevant:** support decision-making and align with the sustainability strategy
- ➔ **Clear:** provide a defined context and communicate intended outcomes
- ➔ **Credible:** based on reliable, accurate data showing changes over time
- ➔ **Future-looking:** use scenario analysis and assumptions about future states

Utilizing platforms, frameworks and standards like CDP, EcoVadis, GRI, and TCFD ensures comparability and builds stakeholder trust

### Innovation

Assess **emerging technologies** and market trends that could enhance sustainability efforts

### Governance

Define clear roles and responsibilities to drive actions and measure progress

### Monitoring approach

### Metrics

Build evidence-based credibility by defining a **set of indicators** and by tracking progress frequently

### Risk Mgmt

Integrate the management of climate-related risks into the enterprise risk management process

# Defining a monitoring approach to track climate action progress

## Track progress

### Examples of climate performance metrics

Metric Category	Example Metrics	Example Unit of Measure
<b>Scope 1 Emissions</b> Absolute Scope 1 emissions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Scope 1 emissions by GHG type</li> <li>• Scope 1 emissions by Country/Region</li> <li>• Scope 1 emissions by business activity</li> </ul>	(metric) tCO <sub>2</sub> e
<b>Scope 2 Emissions</b> Absolute Scope 2 emissions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Scope 2, location and/or market based by Country/Region</li> <li>• Purchased &amp; consumed electricity, heat, steam or cooling</li> <li>• Electricity consumption from renewable &amp; non-renewable sources - by activity</li> <li>• Total electricity consumption by the organization - by fuel</li> </ul>	(metric) tCO <sub>2</sub> e MWh
<b>Scope 3 Emissions</b> Absolute Scope 3 emissions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• % of suppliers by number (supplier engagement)</li> <li>• % of total procurement spend (direct and indirect)</li> <li>• % of supplier-related Scope 3 emissions - by engagement type</li> <li>• % of customers by number - by engagement type</li> <li>• % of customer-related Scope 3 emissions by engagement type</li> </ul>	Percentage amount
<b>Financials</b> Savings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total estimated annual CO<sub>2</sub>e savings</li> <li>• Annual monetary savings (unit currency)</li> <li>• Investment required (unit currency)</li> <li>• Payback period</li> <li>• % revenue from low-carbon product(s) in the reporting year</li> </ul>	(metric) tCO <sub>2</sub> e Unit currency Time Percentage amount



# Defining a monitoring approach to track climate action progress

## Track progress

### Communication of progress to stakeholders

Developing a structured reporting process is essential for monitoring and accurately communicating progress. Here's how to create effective progress reports:

#### Baseline data

Define initial environmental impact measurements as a reference for future comparisons

#### Corrective actions taken

Detail measures taken to address challenges and improve performance

#### Challenges faced

Transparently report obstacles, data discrepancies, or implementation issues

#### Current performance metrics

Regularly update GHG emissions, energy use, water consumption, and waste generation

#### Comparisons against targets

Show comparisons against predefined targets to assess whether you are on track

#### Key achievements

Document significant milestones and successes to show progress & motivate stakeholders with tangible results

### Overview of public frameworks, standards and platforms

Recognized frameworks, platforms & standards streamline environmental communication by providing structured processes. Here's an overview of leading examples:

Name	Type	Description
<a href="#">CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project)</a>	Platform	Disclosure system for companies and cities to measure, disclose, manage environmental impacts
<a href="#">EcoVadis</a>	Platform	Platform for assessing CSR & sustainability risk & performance of suppliers
<a href="#">TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures)</a>	Framework	Framework to help organizations to disclose climate-related risks & opportunities
<a href="#">GRI (Global Reporting Initiative)</a>	Reporting Standard	Standard for sustainability reporting, with focus on economic, environmental, & social impacts
<a href="#">SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board)</a>	Reporting standard	Standards for disclosure of material sustainability information by companies to investors
<a href="#">IFRS Global Sustainability Disclosure Standards</a>	Reporting standard	Provide detailed requirements for integrating sustainability information into financial reporting
<a href="#">ISO 14001</a>	Management standard	Standard for environmental management systems, focusing on reducing environmental impact

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# Tools & Resources

# Further links and content to explore

- 1 Report Data
- 2 Set Targets
- 3 Mobilize Plan
- 4 Track Progress

## Tools & Resources

### GHG Protocol and conversion factor databases

Greenhouse Gas Protocol  
GHG Calculation Tools & Guidance  
US EPA Center for Corporate Climate Leadership GHG Emission Factors  
Resource Centre for GHG Accounting (Only in French)

### Calculating your carbon footprint

GHG Emissions Calculation Tool, Greenhouse Gas Protocol  
Scope 3 GHG Emissions

### Environmental frameworks & standards

GRI (Global Reporting Initiative)  
TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures)  
ISO 14001  
SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board)  
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)

### Environmental disclosure platforms / indexes

CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project)  
EcoVadis  
Dow Jones Sustainability™ World Index  
Sustainalytics  
MSCI

### Developing science-based targets

Science-Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Resource Library  
Set a target, Science Based Targets  
Guide to Developing and Achieving Scope 3 Supplier Engagement Targets, SBTi  
Guidance on Metrics, Targets, and Transition Plans, TCFD

### Developing climate action plans

Moving Climate Action Forward Faster, UNGC  
A guide to Net Zero for businesses  
The journey to Net Zero for SMEs  
Climate Action 100+

### Addressing Scope 1 & 2 emissions

Energy Star for Industry  
Integrated Energy Strategy Guidance, WBCSD  
RE100  
RE-Source website  
Clean Energy Buyers Association

### Addressing Scope 3 emissions

Introductory Guide to Scope 3 Emissions, Carbon Trust  
CDP Supply Chain  
EPA Supply Chain GHG Emission Factors  
Sustainable Supply Chain Guide, BSR

### Tracking progress & defining metrics

TCFD Knowledge Hub  
Climate Strategies and Metrics, WRI  
TCFD Implementation Webinar

### Environmental relevant organizations

United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)  
World Resources Institute (WRI)  
World Wildlife Forum (WWF)  
World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD)

# Overview of available supplier trainings

## Tools & Resources

Training Program	Organization	Description	Access	LINK
<b>CDP Supply Chain Program</b>	<b>CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project)</b>	Provides resources and guidance on measuring and managing carbon footprints, helping suppliers understand and report their climate impacts	Resources are freely available for suppliers, as Kenvue is member of the CDP Supply Chain Program	<a href="#">CDP Supply Chain</a>
<b>EcoVadis Academy</b>	<b>EcoVadis</b>	Offers a range of training modules focused on sustainable business practices, including climate action. These modules help suppliers with sustainability assessments and improve their performance	Free online courses for Kenvue suppliers as part of our membership	<a href="#">EcoVadis Academy</a>
<b>Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi) Training</b>	<b>Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)</b>	Provides training on setting and achieving science-based targets for reducing greenhouse gas emissions, helping suppliers align their actions with the latest science	Some resources are free; comprehensive training may require a fee	<a href="#">SBTi Training</a>
<b>WBCSD Training Resources</b>	<b>World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD)</b>	Provides various training resources and toolkits focused on sustainability and climate action. These resources help businesses understand and implement sustainable practices	Free resources and webinars	<a href="#">WBCSD Training Resources</a>
<b>UN Climate Change Learning Partnership (UN CC)</b>	<b>United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR)</b>	Offers various e-learning courses on climate change, including an introduction to climate change, climate finance, and integrating climate change in national policies	Free, self-paced online courses	<a href="#">UN CC Learn</a>
<b>Climate Reality Leadership Corps Training</b>	<b>The Climate Reality Project</b>	Empowers individuals to become climate leaders, providing tools and knowledge to advocate for climate solutions, covering climate science, effective communication, and change strategies	Free, with application required	<a href="#">Climate Reality Project</a>

# Energize Program: A program to increase access to renewable energy

## Tools & Resources

### What is Energize Program?

- Energize is an award-winning initiative by 21 companies (Sponsors) to increase the adoption of renewable electricity in the pharmaceutical / healthcare supply chain

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- The Energize program is designed to help suppliers learn about renewable electricity (education) and provide sourcing opportunities (action) - either as sole sourced or with other suppliers

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- Energize is endorsed by PSCI & is available to all suppliers to the Sponsors

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- The program is free to access at all suppliers

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- There is no obligation for suppliers to participate in the education or action phases of the program

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- However, suppliers are expected to make good-faith efforts to transition to renewable electricity

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- No remuneration to the Sponsors

# Energize Program: A program to increase access to renewable energy

Tools & Resources

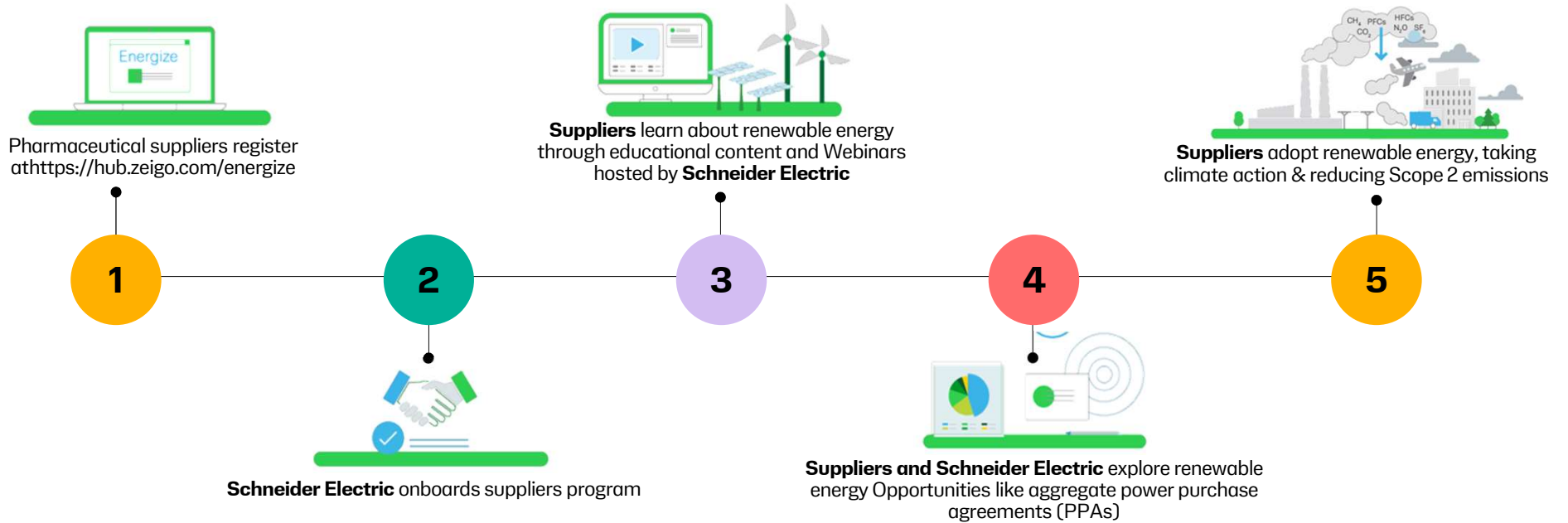
## Sponsors



# Energize Program: A program to increase access to renewable energy

## Tools & Resources

### How the program works?



## Legal Notice

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# Thank you

